

THE SITUATION UNCHANGED

AS TO YELLOW FEVER IN THE INFECTED DISTRICTS

New Orleans Reports About the Same Number of New Cases and Eight Deaths—Mobile Has Six New Cases and Four Deaths—Twelve New Cases and No Deaths at Montgomery—The Disease Here Confined to Infected Section

New Orleans, October 28.—Today's record of new cases of yellow fever and deaths has not worked any materially change in the fever situation, which, while not as bright as it might be, is not regarded by the board of health officials as alarming. In the matter of fatalities the unfavorable weather militates against the patients, though, in comparison with the cases under treatment, the death rate is not considered excessive. The first reports received this morning at the board of health indicated that the situation was improving somewhat, but later it appeared as though the day would be a record breaker in the matter of new cases. There was a lull, however, and the situation remains unchanged. Everything is being done to isolate the cases. It is noticed that the disease has been spreading among children whose ages range from 4 to 14 years. The board of health officials are having more work than they can attend to and the disinfecting corps cannot fumigate premises as rapidly as is desired.

The board of health officials report: Cases of yellow fever today 55, deaths today 8, total cases of fever to date 1,352, total deaths of the yellow fever to date 164. Total cases absolutely recovered 633, total cases under treatment 529.

Jackson, Miss., October 28.—One new case of yellow fever here today, and one death. Mrs. Chapman at Clinton; five new cases at Edwards and vicinity and one at Cayuga. Nita Yuma reports no new cases and all of the patients doing well.

Buy St. Louis, Miss., October 28.—The board of health reports twelve new cases. Memphis, Tenn., October 28.—Eight new cases and two deaths is today's yellow fever record in this city.

The new cases are in the southern part of the city where the first case was reported. All of the people have been exposed to the infection in that part of the city.

Mobile, Ala., October 28.—The board of health this evening announces four deaths, six new cases and three recoveries as today's yellow fever record. Roberts and Holmes, two of the deaths, had been ill some time, but their cases were not reported until today. Shortly after the reports were sent in their deaths were announced.

The death of William Briggs at Whistler, Ala., of yellow fever is reported. There are several cases there. Four new cases of yellow fever are reported at Florence, Ala., and nineteen are under treatment there.

Montgomery, Ala., October 28.—The official report of the board of health today gives twelve new cases, and previous reports seventy-seven. There has not been a death for three days and all the new cases are in the generally infected district.

The doctors have not reported recoveries and discharges, and The Advertiser yesterday and today caused a canvass to be made of all previously reported cases. Some of the patients had been discharged a week ago and others were back at their work, but they are still carried as yellow fever patients. Today an order of the board was issued by the mayor for the man who made the canvass, charged with violating an ordinance against visiting infected houses, but before the time for trial he had been withdrawn. With all the facts known to the world, the city would not appear in such a bad light.

Dr. Carter of the marine hospital service, who is in charge of fumigation, tonight in an interview, says there is no possible danger of the disease spreading from the original infected district; that the sporadic cases in different parts of the city do not establish new foci.

The official report of fever from Selma says there are no new cases, two discharged, four under treatment.

Many of our people here are suffering from nervous troubles, Scrofula, Sores, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, and other diseases which can be promptly and permanently cured by that sterling remedy, "Parker's Sarsaparilla—the King of Blood Purifiers." It has been used by thousands and never known to fail. Only the finest selected purifying tonic herbs and roots are used in its manufacture. It has all the good qualities of other remedies, but none of the evils. Sold by J. C. Shepard, Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Crocker Hissed by Tammany
New York, October 28.—Richard Crocker was roundly hissed in Tammany hall tonight, at the first large meeting of the campaign where the Tammany manager has made his appearance. It was at the big meeting attended by Mayor Carter Harrison, of Chicago, and 300 Cook county democratic leaders, and Crocker's plan it was to bring them here. He was chairman of the committee that welcomed them and he sat proudly on the platform smiling for his guests when the meeting opened. The audience was a highly enthusiastic one. Mayor Harrison was on the platform and the Chicago delegation occupied front seats in the hall. Owing to the repeated interruptions, care was taken to keep Henry George shouters out of the hall. Former Ambassador James B. Eustis was cheered when he rose to speak, and during the delivery of his speech he was liberally applauded. The Chicago men were warmly greeted by the crowds in the galleries. There was renewed cheering when Mayor Harrison appeared on the platform accompanied by Richard Crocker.

One of the most remarkable things that has ever occurred at Tammany hall took place just then. Some one called for three cheers for Richard Crocker. The response was a storm of hisses that swept over the hall. Not a cheer was given, and the man who called for them thought he would try again. In a very loud voice he called again for three cheers for Richard Crocker. There was a feeble response this time, but the cheers were drowned by hissing. Crocker was drowned and the expression of disapproval for himself and he retired to a seat far back on the stage.

Carter Harrison Speaking for Tammany
New York, October 28.—Carter Harrison and the delegation of Chicago democrats who came here to help elect Tammany's candidate for mayor, arrived tonight. Questioned by approval of Henry George as the exponent of democracy, the mayor said: "Governor Altgeld has a right to his opinion and I have a right to mine. He thinks that Henry George is the true representative of democracy and I think that Van Wyck is."

THE YOUNG REPUBLICANS

Appointments by the President of the League—License to Insurance Company Refused—Consumption of Cotton by State Mills—Our Gold Mines

(Special to The Messenger.)

Raleigh, N. C., October 28.—Warren V. Hill, president of the Young Men's Republican State League, appoints W. E. Hyams, Senator Prichard's private secretary, delegate to the national league, and also makes the following appointments by districts: Executive committee—Starkley Hare, John Fields, Jr., A. M. Clark, C. T. Bailey, J. E. Shepherd, Claudius Dockery, John C. Dancy, R. J. McCorrigan, H. S. Anderson. Finance committee—Isaac McKinnis, W. H. Buffalo, F. H. Slocumb, J. D. Jones, R. D. Douglass, F. B. Rice, J. E. McCrary, P. H. Lybrook, Charles J. Harris. Committee on organization—E. C. Duncan, L. D. Gullery, Jr., J. D. Mautsby, Jas. H. Young, B. M. Bridgers, W. S. Clanton, J. G. Walser, Spencer Blackburn, E. D. Carter.

The secretary of state declines to license the Commercial Fire Insurance Company, organized in Delaware last May. Of its capital stock of \$200,000 only one eighth is in cash, remainder being in notes, the value of which the secretary of state does not know.

The average daily consumption of the 155 cotton mills in this state is reported by commissioner of labor statistics to be nine and three quarter bales each. Two hundred and four gold mines are listed in the office of the labor bureau.

Our most eminent physicians prescribe "Hart's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil" with Creosote and the Hypophosphites. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

WRECKS ON THE SEA

The Schooner Twohy in Cape Lookout Light Disabled—Men From the Wrecked Brig Stacy Clark Rescued From an Open Boat—Captain and Mate Drowned

(Special to The Messenger.)

Beaufort, N. C., October 28.—In Cape Lookout light is the schooner John Twohy, Captain Stevenson, from Port Tampa, bound to New York with a cargo of phosphate rock. She is leaking. Her three-thousand-strokes-an-hour pump broke down. The vessel is in safe harbor and will have to tow to her destination.

Captain Stevenson on the 25th sighted a yawl boat with seven men on board. The sea was running high and the wind blowing a gale. With great difficulty he hove the Twohy to. The boat in attempting to get alongside was capsized and two men were lost; the other five were rescued in an exhausted condition, having been in the yawl twenty hours. The drowned men were Captain Benson and Mate Sanders, of the American brig Stacy Clark, of Boston, loaded with coal from Newport News bound to Charleston, which foundered seventy-five miles south of Hatteras on the 25th.

You can't cure consumption but you can avoid it and cure every other form of throat or lung trouble by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. R. R. Bellamy.

Tyrell's Demand for Convicts Refused
(Special to The Messenger.)

Raleigh, N. C., October 28.—The Tyrell county commissioners made a formal demand today under act of the legislature of 1881 and also the act of the last legislature for 100 convicts to work public roads at state expense. The penitentiary superintendent and directors refused to furnish the convicts. Suit will follow.

The Armor Plate Board Preparing Its Report

Washington, October 28.—The naval armor plate board has returned to Washington from its trip down south. The board visited in the order named, Birmingham, Ala.; Sheffield, Ala.; Nashville, Chattanooga and Knoxville, in Tennessee; Bristol in Virginia and the result of the trip is a mass of statistical information exhibiting the varied resources of the southern localities as the site for an armor plant, if the government should determine to build one. This information will not be printed in the report of the board but will be held subject to demand from congress, in case that body decides to embark upon the task of selecting a site for the plant.

The board has now settled down to hard work, for it is under orders to have its report ready for submission to congress when it meets early in December. There is no time to spare for more visits to other towns which aspire to the possession of the armor plant, and to the many applications that are still flowing in upon the board. Hazel Salve gives instant relief and cures permanently. R. R. Bellamy.

Bryan in Ohio
Cincinnati, October 28.—The meetings of W. J. Bryan today and tonight were at Mount Vernon, Newark and Shawnee, and were all largely attended. Mr. Bryan discussed the silver question at all his meetings and also reviewed the records of President McKinley and Senator Hanna. He said the first six months of the McKinley administration were the most disastrous in the history of the country. He charged Senator Hanna with hostility to labor interests and also with being the chief conspirator in the presidential campaign of last year, when the result was due to the twin agents of fraud and coercion and traceable to the money powers of this and other countries. Mr. Bryan warned his hearers against frauds in Ohio. He said the democrats got as much as they could out of the election but that the republicans got many more than there was any reason to expect.

Warning—Persons who suffer from coughs and colds should heed the warnings of danger and save themselves suffering and fatal results by using One Minute Cough Cure. It is an infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. R. R. Bellamy.

SOMETHING NEW



Large package of the world's best cleaner for metal, silver, brass, and iron. 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

GROVER CLEVELAND, JR.

Princeton Thrown Into Great Excitement by News of His Arrival at High Noon Yesterday

Princeton, N. J., October 28.—A son was born to the household of Grover Cleveland, the former president of the United States, at noon today. It is said that the new comer resembles his parents in points of good health, but neither Mr. Cleveland nor the three family physicians will say anything in regard to the new comer other than that he is getting along nicely and is a fine boy. All the afternoon Mr. Cleveland has received at his home the many callers who wished to pay their respects to him in honor of the occasion. Some have congratulated the ex-president personally, but many preferred to leave their cards with congratulatory and best wishes for mother and son. A great many telegrams of congratulations were received. Among the first to proffer congratulations by wire were Joseph Jefferson, E. C. Benedict, ex-Secretary Thurber and ex-Secretary Carlisle.

Princeton undergraduates have taken a great interest in the new Princetonian. The fact that a Cleveland heir was born was announced during the "varsity practice" this afternoon. There was a large gathering of undergraduates on the field watching the "varsity and scrub teams practice. When the announcement was made, three Princeton cheers were given for the boy, three for the mother and three for the father. It is probable that the undergraduates will serenade Mr. Cleveland and his heir at some future date. On the college bulletin board in front of Reunion hall was posted this notice:

"Grover Cleveland, Jr., arrived today at 12 o'clock. Will enter Princeton with the class of 1916 and will play center rush on the championship football team of 1916, 17, 18 and 19." The new baby's sisters are Ruth, Esther and Marion, whose ages are 7, 5 and 3 years.

It is a mistaken idea that a cough acquired during the winter season need be regarded seriously. Facts prove the contrary. Do not neglect yourself. A simple and effective remedy is at your hand. Parker's Tolu Cough Syrup is a quick and agreeable remedy for Cough or Cold, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, or any ailment of the Throat or Lungs. Pleasant to take, children like it. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Pleased With Tenor of Spain's Answer

Washington, October 28.—The Spanish reply to Minister Woodford's note concerning Cuba, which was received here yesterday, will be laid before the cabinet at the regular meeting tomorrow. Meanwhile the members of the president's official family have been talking of the report. It has, however, been talked of informally between the president and several of the cabinet ministers and it may be stated positively that the administration regards the note, so far as its tenor is revealed by the abstract cabled by Mr. Woodford, as being conciliatory, and as not calculated to breed an issue. It is felt also that the answer was forthcoming without so short a period of time after the delivery of Mr. Woodford's note, having regard to the intervention of the Spanish cabinet crisis and change. The acts already performed by the new cabinet towards a correction of some of the evils of which we complain in Cuba are regarded as an earnest of the intention of the Spanish government to faithfully carry out the entire reform programme, and if there should be a speedy alleviation of the frightful condition of the unfortunate reconcentrados in Cuba through a prompt revocation of Weyler's concentration order it is felt that our government will have little further to ask.

There are among the thousands who use Cod Liver Oil, to whom the taste of the Oil is objectionable. To these we take pleasure in recommending "Morrhavin," (Wine of Cod Liver Oil). It is not a synthetic compound, but is actually extracted from the finest quality of pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, there is no artificial coloring or flavor. It is combined with Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda and Magnesia. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Southern Cotton Manufacturers in the Lead

Philadelphia, October 28.—The sixty-third semi-annual meeting of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association, closed today. Arthur Parkinson, of Providence, R. I., read a paper on "Manufacture and Export of Cotton Goods." Mr. Parkinson said in part:

"It is well known that southern manufacturers, with the present conditions, can undersell or compete easily with the eastern mills on medium and coarse fabrics and the future looks dark for New England. The facilities for manufacturing have been so increased that the home lines of goods the existing manufacturing establishments can produce a vast amount more than what the United States can consume, and it seems each year will cause stagnation for the industry and, of course, the usual stoppage of mills during certain periods. As a result of this continued competition in certain lines of goods for the home market, the prices are low, wages are low and tariff legislation cannot help matters, for the merchant and jobber will only buy in the cheapest market, and that means southern looms will be engaged ahead and the New England mills must take what is left."

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HENRY GEORGE'S CHARGES

Of Purchase of Judgeships in New York. Denials by Judge Pryor and Others. Judgeships Come High

New York, October 28.—Henry George is supplying the greater part of the jingo that is being consumed in the municipal campaign. His allegations touching the integrity of the recognized chiefs of both the leading parties are exciting wide interest, though they are met by those most directly concerned with a show of indifference that does credit to their capacity for going unruined through a political game of foot ball. The most specific of Mr. George's allegations are that Roger A. Pryor paid Richard Croker \$15,000 for the judgeship he now holds; that \$22,000 was paid for a seat upon the bench for Judge Ingraham, and that other judicial offices were made the object of barter by the so-called political bosses. Judge Pryor has made categorical denial that he paid or caused to be paid, directly or indirectly, any sum whatsoever for the nomination, and like denial has been made by others of the judges involved in George's allegation. That the judgeships "come high" is, however, a fact well known, and freely admitted. The sworn statements of election expenses on file in the county clerk's office show that since the law requiring itemized statements of such expenses went into effect the following sums have been so paid: By Judge McAdam \$13,000; by Judge Pryor, \$10,500; by Judge Ingraham, \$7,000; by Judge Newburger \$6,185; by Judge Ehrlich, \$4,450; by Judge Smyth, \$5,000 and by other judges sums below the amount last figure given to \$210. These sums, it should be made clear, are for so-called legitimate election expenses. George alleges that in addition to the sums admitted to have been paid above, the judges have been blackmailed out of other and in some instances larger sums. It is for this alleged extortion, blackmail, and for other kindred offenses, which he asserts, have been perpetrated, that George threatens Croker and Platt with the penitentiary. Possibly because of the latitude frequently permitted in a political campaign, there has been no move to proceed against George for libel.

If George is doing a great deal of talking, so are Tracey and Low, though the latter are less sensational and personal in their utterances. The only exception to the rule of volubility among the majority candidates is Van Wyck, whose "star" speech, delivered last night before the Independence Hall democracy was limited to thirty words of commonplace acknowledgments of a hearty greeting.

You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. Instant relief and a certain cure are afforded by One Minute Cough Cure. R. R. Bellamy.

Home Wedding in Winston

Winston, N. C., October 27.—A pretty home wedding was celebrated at the Presbyterian manse here at 6 o'clock this evening, the contracting parties being Captain J. W. Fry, of Greensboro, general manager of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad, and Miss Nannie Caldwell, an accomplished young lady of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Robert E. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian church and brother of the bride. Captain Fry arrived here at 5 o'clock on the next train.

He was accompanied by a party of friends, including Mr. W. J. Crosswell, superintendent of the Southern Express Company at Wilmington; Captain W. E. Kyle, general passenger agent of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad; Mr. R. W. Blagood, an official of the same road; Captain Edmund Berkley, superintendent of the Seaboard Air Line, located at Atlanta; Captain Will Dodson, conductor of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad; and Mr. H. L. Fry and two children, of Greensboro. Captain and Mrs. D. H. Barger, of Roanoke; and Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jones, of Greensboro, also witnessed the nuptials.

After the ceremony supper was served to the wedding party. At 8 o'clock Captain and Mrs. Fry left for a bridal trip to northern cities and Canada. They will reside in Greensboro, where Captain Fry has a lovely home.

Why not profit by the experience of others? Thousands of grateful men and women have been rendered healthy and happy by the use of Febrebra, (Sweet Chill Tonic with Iron), a skillful combination of the most approved remedies, which will promptly cure any case of Chills and Fever. If you ask us to try inferior articles for the sake of extra profit. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

A Schooners Experience in the Storm

Norfolk, Va., October 28.—Helen V. Paulding, a four masted schooner, Captain Sweeney, loaded with 4,000,000 feet of lumber, bound from Darien, Ga., to New York, arrived in Hampton Roads today. She reports having encountered the northeast off Hatteras Tuesday. Two or her crew, Hans Christiansen, a Swede, and John Overman, of Jersey City, were lost and all of her deck load and one mast were swept overboard. Christiansen fell from the rigging and was swept overboard before he could be reached. Overman was hurled against a stanchion and while insensible, was also swept into the sea. The schooner carried two anchors, neither of which held. She finally reached Hampton Roads, where she will rest and then proceed to New York.

SECRETARY SHERMAN

WRITES A LETTER ON POLITICAL ISSUES IN OHIO

Expresses Regret That Precedent Prevents Him Taking Part in the Campaign—The Battle Waged on National Rather Than State Issues—Tariff and Free Silver to Continue Party Issues—Predictions of South and West Converted to Protection A Plea for Hanna

Washington, October 28.—Secretary of State Sherman has written a letter to the editor of The Cincinnati Volksblatt about the importance of the political contest now raging in Ohio, in the course of which he says:

"My chief regret is that I cannot personally participate in the campaign, as by a usage carefully observed from the days of Jefferson to this time the secretary of state is precluded from actively sharing in political discussions other than on foreign affairs. I look upon the pending canvass in Ohio as a re-trial of the issues involved in the election of 1888. State issues, if any, do not seem to be the subject of debate. Naturally the first issue now is whether the administration of William McKinley thus far is approved by the people of Ohio. Upon this question there ought not to be any difference of opinion. His prompt calling together the congress of the United States to provide requisite revenue for the support of the government and the prompt repeal of the feeble and indefensible tariff law, known as the Wilson-Gorman law, has met with general approval. The revival of all industries and the commencement of prosperity in all parts of the United States was the natural and necessary result of the action of the president and a responsible congress. It is unfortunate that the beneficial provisions of the Dingley act cannot be in full operation for a year or more, owing to excessive importations under the Wilson-Gorman act, but I confidently believe that within a year, under the present law, the revenue of the government will be ample to pay, not only current expenditures, but a large sum yearly in reduction of the public debt. To secure this desirable result the republican party must be sustained, not only in Ohio, but in the United States."

"Another question of public policy of equal importance to the tariff is what is known as the free coinage of silver without regard to its market value, but the standard coins of our country, and the relative market value of each has changed from time to time. The coinage ratio of the dollar is one ounce of gold as the equivalent of sixteen ounces of silver. Within the past twenty years the market price of silver bullion has been reduced more than one-half, so that one ounce of gold is now equal in value to standing this wide diversity of the market value to money metals, the United States and all the leading commercial nations of the world have maintained their silver coins without any change. This was done, and could only be done by limiting the cheaper metal and by coining only on government account. It is now proposed as the cardinal principle of certain parties that the holder of any silver bullion without regard to its market value may present it to the mint and have it coined into dollars and made a legal tender for all debts, public and private. At present the silver in a dollar is worth about 41 cents. It would seem that this bold and transparent proposition of certain parties that the holder of any silver bullion without regard to its market value may present it to the mint and have it coined into dollars and made a legal tender for all debts, public and private. At present the silver in a dollar is worth about 41 cents. It would seem that this bold and transparent proposition of certain parties that the holder of any silver bullion without regard to its market value may present it to the mint and have it coined into dollars and made a legal tender for all debts, public and private. At present the silver in a dollar is worth about 41 cents. 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